A Guide to Summer Food

Summer is a wonderful time to experiment with fresh, nutrient packed food. Here's a list of some of the healthiest seasonal summer food and why you should consider adding them to your diet.

AVOCADO

THE BENEFITS

This fruit (yes it's a fruit) is an excellent source of:

Fiber- Aids digestion

Vitamin C - Helps antioxidant function and iron absorption

Vitamin K- Aids blood coagulation

Potassium- Good for blood pressure and muscle performance

Folate- Boosts cell renewal and fetal develo-

Monounsaturated fats- Helps cholesterol management

DIET TIP

Avocados should not be cooked, but to salads and are the classic base of





CUCUMBER

THE BENEFITS

Cucumbers are delightfully refreshing and are a good way to stay hydrated during the summer. They are an excellent source of

Vitamin A- Aids growth and development

Magnesium- Boosts muscle and nerve

Vitamin K- Aids blood coagulation

Potassium- Good for blood pressure and muscle performance

DIET TIP

Cucumbers are best consumed raw in salad. sandwiches, soups and dips; they also pair very well with dill, mint, red







SUMMER SOUASH

THE BENEFITS

Summer squashes come in many forms zucchini, yellow squash and pattypan. They are an excellent source of:

Vitamin C- Helps antioxidant function

Vitamin B6- Aids brain function. immune health, and nerve

Molybdenum- Helps balance chemical processes in the body

DIET TIP

They are best baked, grilled with olive oil, salt and



TOMATOES

THE BENEFITS

Tomatoes grow like weeds in many climates during the summer months Look for tomatoes that are plump and heavy for their size. They

Vitamin A- Aids growth and development

Vitamin C. Helps antioxidant

Vitamin K- Aids blood coagulation

DIET TIP

Avoid refrigerating if possible because it stops the ripening process. There are several are ideal for making sauces, and all tomatoes pair well with basil





CHERRIES (RED. WHITE, YELLOW)

THE BENEFITS

Red cherries are ripe when the flesh is deep ced. White and yellow cherries are ripe when the flesh is flushed with pink. They are an excellent source of

Vitamin G- Helps antioxidant function and iron absorption

Fiber- Aids digestion

Calcium- Good for bone and dental health, muscle performance and nerve health

temperature for several days, and longer if refrigerated. Remove the stems and pits just before eating or using. They are best eaten raw, but can also be used in baking.





MELONS

THE BENEFITS

Honeydew melons and canteloupes should smell sweet and yield to pressure at the stem end. They

Vitamin C- Helps antioxidant absorption

Vitamin A- Aids growth and

Potassium- Good for blood pressur and muscle performance

DIET TIP

Melons store at room temperature for 2 to 3 days. Refrigerate after





STRAWBERRIES

THE BENEFITS

Stawberries are ripe and ready for eating when they are red in color and have an intact green, leafy hull. They are an

Vitamin C- Helps antioxidant absorption

Fiber - Aids digestion

Manganese- Good for bone health



DIET TIP

Avoid berries with brown spots or overly large berries with hollow centers. Store temperature or refrigerate a day or two and always wash before eating.





PEACHES

THE BENEFITS

A ripe peach will yield to pressure, without totally collapsing and last a few days at room temperature and even longer in a refrigerator. They are an excellent source of:

Vitamin C- Helps antioxidant

Vitamin B-3- Boosts energy

Potassium- Good for blood pressure and muscle performance



DIET TIP

Peaches bruise easily and the juice will stain clothing, so handle them with care. They salads, smoothics and sorbets They can also be cooked into crisps, pies and jams.





SOURCE: http://www.healthcentral.com/diet-exercise/cf/slideshows/your-guide-to-summer-food/cucumber/